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Eating out with high cholesterol

If you have high cholesterol, going out for a meal can feel like a minefield. Which type of cuisine do you go for? What about hidden fats? Should you have a pudding? Luckily there is so much choice now available – and many restaurants now offer heart-healthy options – that you can eat out without missing out.

Watch your saturated fat intake

Saturated fat increases the levels of cholesterol in your blood – especially 'bad' LDL cholesterol – so choose foods that have low or reduced levels. It's recommended that women eat no more than 20 g of saturated fat a day and men 30 g.

'But it's not just about low fat, you need a healthy balance of fats,' says Heart UK dietetic adviser, Linda Main. 'Two thirds of your fat intake should be from vegetable sources, not animal sources. Ask your waiter for the low-fat options and limit high-fat foods such as creamy sauces, rich desserts, oily dressings and dips, pastry, fatty meat, and fried or sautéed foods.'

Choose the cuisine carefully

Research by Heart UK found that many high street restaurants and fast food chains are serving dishes with four times the UK's maximum daily recommended amount of saturated fat in a single meal. The top three worst offenders were Zizzi, ASK and Pizza Express, all Italian, although they also have healthy choices on their menus. Sadly, no one type of food is better than another – there are good and bad options in most cuisines. Many Indian dishes are based around vegetables, but have fatty sauces, while Mexican food includes lots of fresh veg but they often come in deep-fried tortillas laden with cheese. Main says, 'Watch out for dishes made with coconut oil, cream, ghee, pastry, fried foods, fatty meat or crackling.'

What are the healthiest restaurant options?

Indian

Opt for steamed or boiled ride, and try lentil soups, chicken or fish dishes based on yoghurt or tomato, instead of creamy curries. Ask for dhal lentil curries without ghee or butter, as these are often added after cooking for a creamier taste.

Mexican and Spanish

Go for healthy tomato salsa dips over creamy ones, and steer clear of fried tacos. Ask for any mains to come with meat and cheese toppings on the side, so you can decide how much to use. Go for healthy fajitas, fish with rice (arroz abarida), or chilli con carne with beans.

Italian

Choose vegetable or fruit-based starters, such as plain asparagus or melon and parma ham. Opt for pasta with tomato-based sauces, rather than cream, and ask for pizzas to be made with half the cheese and extra vegetable toppings. Avoid fatty meats, like pepperoni or salami, and give stuffed crusts a miss.

Chinese

Stick to boiled or steamed rice and noodles, and clear soups. Avoid fried dishes like spring rolls or sweet and sour pork balls, and try lighter options such as beef or chicken in black bean sauce, vegetable stir-fry and fish in chilli or oyster sauce.

Do your research

Check menus online so you can decide which restaurant offers the best cholesterol-friendly options. Many restaurants now have 'heart-healthy' or 'low-fat' symbols on their menus – Zizzi has '600' symbol for meals under 600 calories, for example, while Bella Italia has a heart symbol to show its heart-healthy options.

You may have more choice at a local independent restaurant rather than a high street chain. They normally use fresh, locally sourced ingredients and can be more flexible about changing menu options for guests with specific dietary needs. It may also be easier for them to take out certain ingredients if they're cooking from scratch, rather than using pre-prepared meals.

However, 'some fast-food restaurants also have websites with 'nutritional calculators' which allow you to check out what's in the food before you order,' says Main. This makes it easier to work out exactly what you can eat in advance. If you're really worried, call ahead and ask the restaurant what they'll be able to do for you.

Ask for dishes to be adapted

Go for dishes that are steamed, braised, grilled or baked, but don't be afraid to ask for dishes you like the look of to be altered. 'It's not usually a problem for a restaurant to replace chips with a jacket potato, salad or vegetables.

'You can also ask for no extra cheese, butter or oil, and put sauces and dressings on the side,' says senior dietitian Victoria Taylor from the British Heart Foundation.

Are vegetarian dishes a better choice?

If you're vegetarian, your choices can be limited – there are often only one or two options on the menu, and they can be high in saturated fat; cheesy veggie lasagne, creamy curry, pastry pies and chips, or a rich risotto. If you can't avoid them, ask for smaller portions or to have a starter as a main meal.

Dishes such as sushi, curries without ghee or creamy sauces, Mexican bean salads and Thai or Chinese stir-fries packed with vegetables and tofu can be veggie-friendly and heart-healthy too.

Don't beat yourself up

If you're eating out regularly this could impact on your overall food intake; meals in the canteen, business lunches, and a quick snack in the pub all add up. 'One meal out won't make any difference to your health in the grand scheme of things, so enjoy it. But if it's one of many, think about how it fits into your overall diet,' says Taylor. 'This could mean having a lighter meal in the evening if you had a big meal earlier in the day.'

If you know you're going to have a few meals out during the week, make sure you're choosing the healthiest options available, such as low saturated fat. But if it's a special get-together or a big family Sunday lunch, the occasional roast potato or creamy pudding won't hurt – just make sure your next meal is a healthy one.

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